## $\overline{P Q}$ has endpoints $P(-4,-4)$ and $Q(-1,-3)$. Find

 the coordinates of $P^{\prime}$ and $Q^{\prime}$ after each translation.1. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x, y+3)$
2. $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+1, y-1)$
3. Find the coordinates of the endpoints of $\overline{P^{\prime} Q^{\prime}}$ after $\overline{P Q}$ is rotated $180^{\circ}$ about the origin.
4. Find the coordinates of $\overline{P^{\prime} Q^{\prime}}$ after $\overline{P Q}$ is reflected in the $x$-axis.

## Daily Homework Quiz

For use after Lesson 7.4, pages 421-428

1. Describe the translation using
(a) coordinate notation and
(b) a vector in component form.

2. Name the vector and write its component form.

3. Consider the translation that is defined by the coordinate notation $(x, y) \rightarrow(x+4, y-1)$.
a. What is the image of $(2,5)$ ?
b. What is the preimage of $(-1,3)$ ?
4. The vertices of $\triangle A B C$ are $A(-5,3), B(4,2)$, and $C(-1,-1)$. Name the vector that describes a translation such that $A^{\prime}(-2,-1), B^{\prime}(7,-2)$, and $C^{\prime}(2,-5)$.
