For use before Lesson 3.2, pages 135-141

## State the postulate or theorem that justifies each statement.

1. If $3+4=7$, then $7=3+4$.
2. If $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are vertical angles, then $\angle \mathrm{A} \cong \angle B$.
3. If $2 x+5=17$, then $2 x=12$.
4. If $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ is a line, then $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ contains more points than just $A$.

## Daily Homework Quiz

For use after Lesson 3.1, pages 129-134
Use the figure below. Fill in the blank with parallel, skew, or perpendicular.

1. $\overline{C E}$ and $\overline{A C}$ are $\qquad$ .
2. $\overline{E H}$ and $\overline{A B}$ are $\qquad$ .
3. Plane $D B G$ and plane $A H E$ are $\qquad$ .


Complete the statement with corresponding, alternate interior, alternate exterior, or consecutive interior.
4. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 6$ are $\qquad$ angles.
5. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 8$ are $\qquad$ angles.
6. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 6$ are $\qquad$ angles.
7. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 5$ are $\qquad$ angles.


