



<p><i>Pacing Guides create a realistic time frame for instruction and assessment. They establish paced student learning expectations and provide a starting point for the implementation of the Common Core State Standards.</i></p>
<p>These are DRAFT guides for you to use for planning and instruction. Please keep track of pacing, “I can statements”, what works, and what doesn’t. During the school year, there will be multiple opportunities to get your feedback through steering committee meetings, electronic surveys, online threaded discussions, and feedback forms. <b>We want your feedback!</b></p>
<p><i>The following tips may be helpful as you begin using the Pacing Guide:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Introduce 9-week content skills according to the Pacing Guide, incorporating yearlong concepts.</li><li>• Once a skill is mastered, continue to practice it.</li><li>• Continue to reinforce skills and concepts throughout the year until mastery is achieved.</li><li>• Skills can be introduced earlier than listed, but no later, and can be assessed at any point after introduction.</li><li>• Compare your current pace to the Pacing Guide and adjust as needed.</li><li>• Become familiar with sequencing at previous and subsequent grade levels.</li><li>• The Common Core State Standards for your grade are provided at the back of this packet.</li><li>• The Pacing Guides and a link to Common Core resources that include vocabulary, examples, and suggested texts can be found on the Lansing School District homepage <a href="http://www.lansingschools.net">www.lansingschools.net</a> under Links.</li></ul>

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**Yvonne Caamal Canul**  
Superintendent

**Diana Rouse**  
Assistant Superintendent for Instruction

**Mark Coscarella**  
Associate Superintendent for Learning

**Worsie Gregory**  
Director of High Schools

**Mara Lud**  
Director of Pre-K to 8 & Academies

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on the writing and review teams.**

**Questions? Comments? Please contact us.**

Betty Underwood  
[betty.underwood@lansingschools.net](mailto:betty.underwood@lansingschools.net)  
Lead for Grades K-3

Teri Bernero  
[teri.bernero@lansingschools.net](mailto:teri.bernero@lansingschools.net)  
Lead for Grades 4-6

Ben Botwinski  
[ben.botwinski@lansingschools.net](mailto:ben.botwinski@lansingschools.net)  
Lead for Grades 7-8 and High School

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE		First Nine Weeks
	Reading: Literature	Reading: Informational Text
Key Ideas & Details	<p><b>7.RL.1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> clearly determine what the text says.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> make an inference based on evidence from the text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> find and cite several pieces of evidence from a text to support my analysis.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine a theme or central idea of a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> produce an objective summary.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> define and identify elements such as characters, plot, setting, conflict, climax, and resolution of a story or drama.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> define and identify elements such as characters, plot, setting, conflict, climax, and resolution of a story or drama.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine what the text says explicitly.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> make an inference.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> identify two or more central ideas in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> produce an objective summary of the text.</i></li></ul>
Craft & Structure	NA	<p><b>7.RI.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine the meaning of unknown words and phrases as they are used in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> recognize figurative language (refer to 7.RL.4).</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> define technical meanings of words and phrases.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> explain how specific words impact meaning and tone.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> identify the non-fiction text structures (e.g., compare/contrast, cause/effect, order of importance, problem/solution, sequential, chronological, spatial).</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine an author’s point of view/purpose in a text.</i></li></ul>
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	NA	NA
Range of Reading & Levels of Text Complexity	<p><b>7.RL.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li></ul>

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE					First Nine Weeks
	Writing		Speaking and Listening		Language
Text Types and Purposes	<p><b>7.W.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> define claim(s).</li><li><i>I can</i> define argument(s).</li><li><i>I can</i> identify opposing claim(s)/argument(s).</li></ul> <p><b>7.W.3a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> engage readers with my writing.</li><li><i>I can</i> establish a point of view and context for my story.</li><li><i>I can</i> develop a narrator and/or characters.</li><li><i>I can</i> develop a plot.</li></ul> <p><b>7.W.3b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use dialogue to develop characters.</li><li><i>I can</i> appropriately pace the development of my story.</li><li><i>I can</i> use description to develop people, places, and events.</li></ul> <p><b>7.W.3c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify appropriate transitions for narrative text.</li><li><i>I can</i> use purposeful transitions to sequence events.</li><li><i>I can</i> use purposeful transitions to show shifts in time or setting.</li><li><i>I can</i> formulate reflective and relative conclusions.</li></ul>	Comprehension and Collaboration	<p><b>7.SL.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> prepare for group discussion.</li><li><i>I can</i> reference material appropriately during one-on-one and group discussions.</li><li><i>I can</i> reflect on and build upon others' ideas during group discussion.</li><li><i>I can</i> clearly express my own ideas within one-on-one and group discussion settings.</li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.1b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> follow specific rules for discussions (i.e. collegial discussion rules).</li><li><i>I can</i> track progress towards goals and deadlines.</li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> explain how main ideas and supporting details clarify a topic.</li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify a speaker’s argument.</li><li><i>I can</i> identify and trace a speaker’s specific claims.</li></ul>	Conventions of Standard English	<p><b>7.L.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify a phrase.</li><li><i>I can</i> identify a clause.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.1.b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify a simple sentence.</li><li><i>I can</i> identify a compound sentence.</li><li><i>I can</i> identify a complex sentence.</li><li><i>I can</i> identify a compound-complex sentence.</li><li><i>I can</i> compose a simple and compound sentence.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.2a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify an adjective.</li><li><i>I can</i> compose a sentence with descriptive adjectives before the noun they describe.</li><li><i>I can</i> define and identify coordinate adjectives.</li><li><i>I can</i> use commas to separate coordinate adjectives before the nouns they describe.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.2b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> spell words commonly found in seventh-grade level text.</li></ul>
Production and Distribution of Writing	<p><b>7.W.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> develop appropriate writing for task. I can develop appropriate writing for purpose.</li><li><i>I can</i> develop appropriate writing for audience.</li></ul> <p><b>7.W.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use planning (prewriting/drafting) strategies.</li><li><i>I can</i> use revision strategies.</li><li><i>I can</i> use editing strategies.</li><li><i>I can</i> revise for a specific purpose and audience.</li><li><i>I can</i> use feedback from teachers and peers.</li></ul>	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	<p><b>7.SL.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> identify and describe facts, details and examples on a subject.</li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> appropriately demonstrate command of formal English.</li></ul>	Knowledge of Language	<p><b>7.L.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use proper grammar and mechanics (appropriate to 7th grade).</li></ul>
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	<p><b>7.W.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> define plagiarism.</li><li><i>I can</i> quote and paraphrase data without plagiarizing.</li></ul> <p><b>7.W.9</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use pieces from literary texts to support my writing.</li></ul>			Vocabulary Acquisition & Use	<p><b>7.L.4c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use print and digital resource material to find the pronunciation, meaning, and part of speech of a word.</li><li><i>I can</i> verify the inferred meaning of a word in context using a print or online dictionary.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.5 a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> explain figurative language (e.g. literary, biblical and mythological allusion, etc.) in context.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.5b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> determine relationships between words (e.g. synonym, antonym, analogy).</li><li><i>I can</i> use word relationships to determine meaning.</li></ul> <p><b>7.L.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use grade-appropriate technique to build vocabulary.</li><li><i>I can</i> accurately use grade-appropriate vocabulary to demonstrate comprehension.</li></ul>
Range of Writing	<p><b>7.W.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can</i> use pieces from literary texts to support my writing.</li></ul>				

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE		Second Nine Weeks
	Reading: Literature	Reading: Informational Text
Key Ideas & Details	<p><b>7.RL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can analyze the development of the theme or central idea over the course of the text.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can interpret and explain text, citing support directly from the text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can analyze the development of two or more central ideas over the course of the text.</i></li></ul>
Craft & Structure	<p><b>7.RL.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can identify points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can analyze how an author develops the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can contrast the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can analyze how the major sections of the text contribute to the whole.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can explain how an author uses the text structure to develop ideas.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can identify how the author’s point of view/purpose is different from others.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can evaluate how the author distinguishes his/her position from that of others.</i></li></ul>
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	<p><b>7.RL.7</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can compare and contrast the similarities and differences between a story, drama, or poem to its audio, film, stage, or multimedia version.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can analyze the effects of the techniques used in different formats of a story, drama, or poem to its audio, film, stage, or multimedia version.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.7</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can identify similarities and differences of written and multimedia versions of a text.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can identify an argument and its claims in a text.</i></li></ul>
Range of Reading & Levels of Text Complexity	<p><b>7.RL.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can read proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can comprehend proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I can read proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I can comprehend proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li></ul>

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE				Second Nine Weeks	
	Writing		Speaking and Listening		Language
Text Types and Purposes	<p><b>7.W.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can produce a strong claim(s)/argument(s).</i></li><li><i>I can gather and organize reasons and evidence of opposing claims.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.1e</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can comprehend the purpose of a concluding statement.</i></li><li><i>I can compose an appropriate concluding statement.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can write a thesis statement that previews forthcoming content.</i></li><li><i>I can use multiple strategies to organize and share information.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can support the topic with facts, details, quotes, and examples.</i></li><li><i>I can identify appropriate transitions for informational writing.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2f</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can compose an appropriate concluding statement.</i></li></ul>	Comprehension and Collaboration	<p><b>7.SL.1b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can track progress towards goals and deadlines.</i></li><li><i>I can define and apply individual roles associated with group discussion.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.1c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use purposeful questions to elicit elaboration from group members.</i></li><li><i>I can respond appropriately to group members with relevant observations.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.1d</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can acknowledge others’ perspectives and respond appropriately.</i></li><li><i>I can modify my views based on new information and/or views provided by my peers</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can explain how main ideas and supporting details clarify a topic.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can identify a speaker’s argument.</i></li><li><i>I can identify and trace a speaker’s specific claims.</i></li><li><i>I can evaluate the validity of a speaker’s argument and reasoning.</i></li><li><i>I can determine if a speaker has sufficient, relevant evidence to support argument.</i></li></ul>	Conventions of Standard English	<p><b>7.L.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can identify a clause.</i></li><li><i>I can explain the function of phrases (prepositional phrase-adjective or adverb; appositive phrase, participial phrase, infinitive phrase).</i></li><li><i>I can compose a complex sentence.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.1b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can compose a compound-complex sentence.</i></li><li><i>I can choose and use sentence types appropriately and effectively.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.2b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can spell words commonly found in seventh-grade level text.</i></li></ul>
Production and Distribution of Writing	<p><b>7.W.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can develop appropriate writing for task. I can develop appropriate writing for purpose.</i></li><li><i>I can develop appropriate writing for audience.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use planning (prewriting/drafting) strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can use revision strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can use editing strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can revise for a specific purpose and audience.</i></li><li><i>I can use feedback from teachers and peers.</i></li></ul>	Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas	<p><b>7.SL.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can identify and describe facts, details and examples on a subject.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can appropriately demonstrate command of formal English.</i></li></ul>	Knowledge of Language	<p><b>7.L.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can choose precise words.</i></li><li><i>I can use proper grammar and mechanics (appropriate to 7th grade).</i></li></ul>
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	<p><b>7.W.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can gather relevant information from multiple print sources.</i></li><li><i>I can gather relevant information from multiple digital sources.</i></li><li><i>I can use search terms effectively.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.9</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use pieces of informational texts to support my writing.</i></li></ul>			Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	<p><b>7.L.4a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use context clues to determine the meaning of a word or phrase.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.4b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can define and identify Greek or Latin affixes and roots.</i></li><li><i>I can use Greek and Latin roots and affixes as clues to the meaning of a word.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.5 a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can explain figurative language (e.g. literary, biblical and mythological allusion, etc.) in context.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use grade-appropriate technique to build vocabulary.</i></li><li><i>I can accurately use grade-appropriate vocabulary to demonstrate comprehension.</i></li></ul>
Range of Writing	<p><b>7.W.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use pieces from literary texts to support my writing.</i></li></ul>				

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE		Third Nine Weeks
	Reading: Literature	Reading: Informational Text
Key Ideas & Details	<p><b>7.RL.1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze a text.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze how story elements interact to influence each other.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze interactions in a text (e.g. between people, ideas, and situations).</i></li></ul>
Craft & Structure	<p><b>7.RL.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> interpret the figurative and connotative meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> identify and analyze figurative language such as simile, metaphor, personification, hyperbole, and idiom.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> identify and analyze connotative language such as denotation, connotation, symbolism, irony, imagery.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> identify and analyze the impact of poetic devices such as alliteration, assonance, consonance, onomatopoeia, rhyme, repetition, rhythm.</i></li></ul>	NA
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	NA	<p><b>7.RI.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> trace the development of an argument and its claims in a text.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.RI.9</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze how author's interpretation shapes presentation of key information.</i></li></ul>
Range of Reading & Levels of Text Complexity	<p><b>7.RL.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li></ul>	<p><b>7.RI.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li></ul>

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE					Third Nine Weeks
	Writing		Speaking and Listening		Language
Text Types and Purposes	<p><b>7.W.1b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can locate sources.</i></li><li><i>I can determine accuracy and credibility of sources.</i></li><li><i>I can show my understanding of the topic or text.</i></li><li><i>I can use evidence from sources to support a claim.</i></li><li><i>I can define and identify a formal writing style.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2d</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use purposeful transitions.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.3d</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use descriptive vocabulary and sensory language.</i></li></ul>	Comprehension and Collaboration	<p><b>7.SL.1b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can track progress towards goals and deadlines.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.1d</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can acknowledge others’ perspectives and respond appropriately.</i></li><li><i>I can modify my views based on new information and/or views provided by my peers</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can understand and explain information presented in various media and formats.</i></li><li><i>I can explain how main ideas and supporting details clarify a topic.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can identify and trace a speaker’s specific claims.</i></li><li><i>I can evaluate the validity of a speaker’s argument and reasoning.</i></li><li><i>I can determine if a speaker has sufficient, relevant evidence to support argument.</i></li></ul>	Conventions of Standard English	<p><b>7.L.1a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can explain the function of clauses (adjective or adverb).</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.1c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use a phrase correctly within a sentence.</i></li><li><i>I can use a clause correctly within a sentence.</i></li><li><i>I can recognize misplaced modifiers.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.2 b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can spell words commonly found in seventh-grade level text.</i></li><li><i>I can spell homonyms correctly in context.</i></li></ul>
Production and Distribution of Writing	<p><b>7.W.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can develop appropriate writing for task. I can develop appropriate writing for purpose.</i></li><li><i>I can develop appropriate writing for audience.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use planning (prewriting/drafting) strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can use revision strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can use editing strategies.</i></li><li><i>I can revise for a specific purpose and audience.</i></li><li><i>I can use feedback from teachers and peers.</i></li></ul>	Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas	<p><b>7.SL.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can present findings and my own opinion.</i></li><li><i>I can emphasize key points of my argument or research in a focused, clear way.</i></li><li><i>I can use elements of public speaking appropriately: eye contact, volume, and pronunciation while speaking to a group.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can explain how specific ideas clarify a topic.</i></li><li><i>I can use various formats of visual and multimedia components to explain information.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can emphasize the important points of my argument or research in a focused, clear way.</i></li><li><i>I can appropriately demonstrate command of formal English.</i></li><li><i>I can present my ideas with careful consideration of context and task.</i></li></ul>	Knowledge of Language	<p><b>7.L.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use proper grammar and mechanics (appropriate to 7th grade).</i></li><li><i>I can recognize and eliminate wordiness.</i></li></ul>
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	<p><b>7.W.7</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use several sources to answer a question.</i></li><li><i>I can compose focused questions for additional research and investigation.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can gather relevant information from multiple digital sources.</i></li><li><i>I can use search terms effectively.</i></li></ul>			Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	<p><b>7.L.5 a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can explain figurative language (e.g. literary, biblical and mythological allusion, etc.) in context.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use grade-appropriate technique to build vocabulary.</i></li><li><i>I can accurately use grade-appropriate vocabulary to demonstrate comprehension.</i></li></ul>
Range of Writing	<p><b>7.W.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>I can use pieces from literary texts to support my writing.</i></li></ul>				

English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE			Fourth Nine Weeks
	Reading: Literature	Reading: Informational Text	
Key Ideas & Details	NA	NA	
Craft & Structure	<b>7.RL.5</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine the structure of a drama such as a soliloquy and analyze how the structure contributes to its meaning.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine the structure of a poem such as a sonnet and analyze how the structure contributes to its meaning.</i></li></ul>	NA	
Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	<b>7.RL.9</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> compare and contrast a fictional and historical account of the same period.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> explain how an author uses history in a fictional text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> explain how an author alters history for a fictional text.</i></li></ul>	<b>7.RI.7</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze each medium’s depiction of the subject matter (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> compare and contrast a written text to an audiovisual/multimedia presentation of the same work.</i></li></ul> <b>7.RI.8</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> assess whether textual support used for an argument is valid (relevant, viable, etc.).</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine if support used for an argument is sufficient to support claims in a text.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> evaluate an argument and its claims in a text, determining if the reasoning is sound.</i></li></ul> <b>7.RI.9</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> compare how two or more authors present the same information.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> analyze different emphases of evidence and interpretations of fact.</i></li></ul>	
Range of Reading & Levels of Text Complexity	<b>7.RL.10</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently many different types of literature (e.g., stories, dramas, and poems) at grade level.</i></li></ul>	<b>7.RI.10</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> read proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> comprehend proficiently nonfiction texts at grade level.</i></li></ul>	



English Language Arts – 7 <sup>th</sup> GRADE					Fourth Nine Weeks	
	Writing		Speaking and Listening		Language	
Text Types and Purposes	<p><b>7.W.1c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> define and identify appropriate transitions for an argument.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use purposeful transitions to strengthen my argument.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.1d</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use a formal style of writing throughout the piece.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use charts, pictures, headings, and multimedia to help inform the reader.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.2e</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> recognize a formal style.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use a formal style throughout the piece.</i></li></ul>	Comprehension and Collaboration	<p><b>7.SL.2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> understand and explain information presented in various media and formats.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> explain how main ideas and supporting details clarify a topic.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> evaluate the validity of a speaker’s argument and reasoning.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> determine if a speaker has sufficient, relevant evidence to support argument.</i></li></ul>	Conventions of Standard English	<p><b>7.L.1c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> correct misplaced modifiers.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.2 b</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> spell words commonly found in seventh-grade level text.</i></li></ul>	
Production and Distribution of Writing	<p><b>7.W.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> develop appropriate writing for task. I can develop appropriate writing for purpose.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> develop appropriate writing for audience.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use planning (prewriting/drafting) strategies.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use revision strategies.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use editing strategies.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> revise for a specific purpose and audience.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use feedback from teachers and peers.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use technology to publish writing.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use technology to link to and cite sources.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use technology to collaborate with others.</i></li></ul>	Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	<p><b>7.SL.4</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> present findings and my own opinion.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> emphasize key points of my argument or research in a focused, clear way.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use elements of public speaking appropriately: eye contact, volume, and pronunciation while speaking to a group.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.5</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> create and use visual and multimedia components to demonstrate understanding.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use various formats of visual and multimedia components to explain information.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.SL.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> present my opinions and research orally.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> emphasize the important points of my argument or research in a focused, clear way.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> appropriately demonstrate command of formal English.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> present my ideas with careful consideration of context and task.</i></li></ul>	Knowledge of Language	<p><b>7.L.3</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use proper grammar and mechanics (appropriate to 7th grade).</i></li></ul>	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	<p><b>7.W.7</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> conduct a short research project to answer a question.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.W.8</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> gather relevant information from multiple digital sources.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use search terms effectively.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> cite sources using the correct format.</i></li></ul>			Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	<p><b>7.L.5a</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> explain figurative language (e.g. literary, biblical and mythological allusion, etc.) in context.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.5c</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> distinguish among the connotations of words that have the same denotation.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> distinguish among degrees of synonyms to make the best word choice.</i></li></ul> <p><b>7.L.6</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use grade-appropriate technique to build vocabulary.</i></li><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> accurately use grade-appropriate vocabulary to demonstrate comprehension.</i></li></ul>	
Range of Writing	<p><b>7.W.10</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <i>I <b>can</b> use pieces from literary texts to support my writing.</i></li></ul>					

## College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

The grades 6–12 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-specific standards are necessary complements—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity—that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

### Key Ideas and Details

1. Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
2. Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
3. Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

### Craft and Structure

4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.
5. Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.
6. Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

### Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

7. Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.\*
8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
9. Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

### Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

\*Please see “Research to Build Knowledge” in Writing and “Comprehension and Collaboration” in Speaking and Listening for additional standards relevant to gathering, assessing, and applying information from print and digital sources.

### Note on range and content of student reading

*To become college and career ready, students must grapple with works of exceptional craft and thought whose range extends across genres, cultures, and centuries. Such works offer profound insights into the human condition and serve as models for students’ own thinking and writing. Along with high-quality contemporary works, these texts should be chosen from among seminal U.S. documents, the classics of American literature, and the timeless dramas of Shakespeare. Through wide and deep reading of literature and literary nonfiction of steadily increasing sophistication, students gain a reservoir of literary and cultural knowledge, references, and images; the ability to evaluate intricate arguments; and the capacity to surmount the challenges posed by complex texts.*

## Reading Standards for Literature 6-12

RL

The following standards offer a focus for instruction each year and help ensure that students gain adequate exposure to a range of texts and tasks. Rigor is also infused through the requirement that students read increasingly complex texts through the grades. *Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.*

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>		
1. Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
3. Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	3. Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).	3. Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
<b>Craft and Structure</b>		
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
5. Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.	5. Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	5. Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
6. Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	6. Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	6. Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.

Reading Standards for Literature 6-12

RL

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas		
7. Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they “see” and “hear” when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.	7. Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).	7. Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
8. (Not applicable to literature)	8. (Not applicable to literature)	8. (Not applicable to literature)
9. Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	9. Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	9. Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity		
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## Reading Standards for Literature 6-12

The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Grades 9-10 students:	Grades 11-12 students:
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.	2. Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.
3. Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.	3. Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as well as other authors.)
5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.	5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.
6. Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.	6. Analyze a case in which grasping point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's <i>Landscape with the Fall of Icarus</i> ).	7. Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. (Include at least one play by Shakespeare and one play by an American dramatist.)
8. (Not applicable to literature)	8. (Not applicable to literature)
9. Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare).	9. Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9-10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9-10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## Reading Standards for Informational Text 6-12

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>		
1. Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
2. Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	2. Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
3. Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).	3. Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).	3. Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
<b>Craft and Structure</b>		
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
5. Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.	5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.	5. Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.
6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.	6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.	6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>		
7. Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.	7. Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).	7. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
8. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	8. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.	8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
9. Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).	9. Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.	9. Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>		
10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## Reading Standards for Informational Text 6-12

The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Grades 9–10 students:	Grades 11–12 students:
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	1. Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.
2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.	2. Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.
3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.	3. Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).	4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> No. 10).
5. Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).	5. Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.
6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.	6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text.
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
7. Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person's life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.	7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.
8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.	8. Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., <i>The Federalist</i> , presidential addresses).
9. Analyze seminal U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (e.g., Washington's Farewell Address, the Gettysburg Address, Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speech, King's "Letter from Birmingham Jail"), including how they address related themes and concepts.	9. Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	10. By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11–CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.  By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11–CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Writing

The grades 6–12 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-specific standards are necessary complements—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity—that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

### Text Types and Purposes\*

1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

### Production and Distribution of Writing

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.

### Research to Build and Present Knowledge

7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

\*These broad types of writing include many subgenres. See Appendix A for definitions of key writing types.

### Note on range and content of student writing

*For students, writing is a key means of asserting and defending claims, showing what they know about a subject, and conveying what they have experienced, imagined, thought, and felt. To be college- and career-ready writers, students must take task, purpose, and audience into careful consideration, choosing words, information, structures, and formats deliberately. They need to know how to combine elements of different kinds of writing—for example, to use narrative strategies within argument and explanation within narrative—to produce complex and nuanced writing. They need to be able to use technology strategically when creating, refining, and collaborating on writing. They have to become adept at gathering information, evaluating sources, and citing material accurately, reporting findings from their research and analysis of sources in a clear and cogent manner. They must have the flexibility, concentration, and fluency to produce high-quality first-draft text under a tight deadline as well as the capacity to revisit and make improvements to a piece of writing over multiple drafts when circumstances encourage or require it.*



## Writing Standards 6-12

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The following standards for grades 6-12 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. Each year in their writing, students should demonstrate increasing sophistication in all aspects of language use, from vocabulary and syntax to the development and organization of ideas, and they should address increasingly demanding content and sources. *Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.* The expected growth in student writing ability is reflected both in the standards themselves and in the collection of annotated student writing samples in Appendix C.

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
Text Types and Purposes		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.</li><li>Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li><li>Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li><li>Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li><li>Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.</li><li>Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.</li><li>Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li></ol></li></ol>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li><li>Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li><li>Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li><li>Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li><li>Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li><li>Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li><li>Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li><li>Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.</li><li>Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.</li><li>Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.</li></ol></li></ol>

## Writing Standards 6-12

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Text Types and Purposes (continued)</b>		
<p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <p>a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</p> <p>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</p> <p>c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.</p> <p>d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.</p> <p>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.</p>	<p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <p>a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</p> <p>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</p> <p>c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.</p> <p>d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.</p> <p>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.</p>	<p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <p>a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.</p> <p>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</p> <p>c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.</p> <p>d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.</p> <p>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.</p>
<b>Production and Distribution of Writing</b>		
<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)</p> <p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 6 on page 52.)</p> <p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.</p>	<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)</p> <p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 7 on page 52.)</p> <p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.</p>	<p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)</p> <p>5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 8 on page 52.)</p> <p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.</p>

## Writing Standards 6-12

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Research to Build and Present Knowledge</b>		
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.	7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.	7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.	8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Apply <i>grade 6 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics”).</li> <li>b. Apply <i>grade 6 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not”).</li> </ul>	9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Apply <i>grade 7 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history”).</li> <li>b. Apply <i>grade 7 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims”).</li> </ul>	9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Apply <i>grade 8 Reading standards</i> to literature (e.g., “Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new”).</li> <li>b. Apply <i>grade 8 Reading standards</i> to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced”).</li> </ul>
<b>Range of Writing</b>		
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

## Writing Standards 6-12

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The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Grades 9–10 students:	Grades 11–12 students:
Text Types and Purposes	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li><li>Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level and concerns.</li><li>Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li></ol></li><li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li><li>Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience’s knowledge of the topic.</li><li>Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li><li>Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.</li><li>Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.</li><li>Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</li></ol></li><li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li><li>Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience’s knowledge of the topic.</li><li>Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li><li>Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.</li><li>Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li><li>Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li></ol></li></ol>

## Writing Standards 6-12

### Grades 9–10 students:

### Grades 11–12 students:

#### Text Types and Purposes (continued)

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|--|--|
| <p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.</li> <li>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.</li> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul> | <p>3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.</li> <li>b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.</li> <li>c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).</li> <li>d. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.</li> <li>e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.</li> </ul> |
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#### Production and Distribution of Writing

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|---|--|
| <p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)</p>  | <p>4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)</p>   |
| <p>5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 9–10 on page 54.)</p> | <p>5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 11–12 on page 54.)</p> |
| <p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.</p>  | <p>6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.</p>   |

#### Research to Build and Present Knowledge

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|---|--|
| <p>7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>  | <p>7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>   |
| <p>8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.</p> | <p>8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.</p> |

# Writing Standards 6-12

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## Grades 9-10 students:

## Grades 11-12 students:

### Research to Build and Present Knowledge (continued)

- 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply *grades 9-10 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., “Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]”).
  - b. Apply *grades 9-10 Reading standards* to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning”).

- 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply *grades 11-12 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., “Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics”).
  - b. Apply *grades 11-12 Reading standards* to literary nonfiction (e.g., “Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., *The Federalist*, presidential addresses]”).

### Range of Writing

- 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
- 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

## College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Speaking and Listening

The grades 6–12 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-specific standards are necessary complements—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity—that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

### Comprehension and Collaboration

1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.

### Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.
6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

### Note on range and content of student speaking and listening

*To become college and career ready, students must have ample opportunities to take part in a variety of rich, structured conversations—as part of a whole class, in small groups, and with a partner—built around important content in various domains. They must be able to contribute appropriately to these conversations, to make comparisons and contrasts, and to analyze and synthesize a multitude of ideas in accordance with the standards of evidence appropriate to a particular discipline. Whatever their intended major or profession, high school graduates will depend heavily on their ability to listen attentively to others so that they are able to build on others' meritorious ideas while expressing their own clearly and persuasively.*

*New technologies have broadened and expanded the role that speaking and listening play in acquiring and sharing knowledge and have tightened their link to other forms of communication. The Internet has accelerated the speed at which connections between speaking, listening, reading, and writing can be made, requiring that students be ready to use these modalities nearly simultaneously. Technology itself is changing quickly, creating a new urgency for students to be adaptable in response to change.*

## Speaking and Listening Standards 6-12

The following standards for grades 6-12 offer a focus for instruction in each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. *Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.*

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Comprehension and Collaboration</b>		
<p>1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 6 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <p>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</p> <p>b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</p> <p>c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.</p> <p>d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.</p>	<p>1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 7 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <p>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</p> <p>b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</p> <p>c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.</p> <p>d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.</p>	<p>1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 8 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</p> <p>a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.</p> <p>b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.</p> <p>c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.</p> <p>d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.</p>
<p>2. Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.</p>	<p>2. Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.</p>	<p>2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.</p>
<p>3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.</p>	<p>3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.</p>	<p>3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.</p>
<b>Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</b>		
<p>4. Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</p>	<p>4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</p>	<p>4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</p>
<p>5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.</p>	<p>5. Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.</p>	<p>5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.</p>
<p>6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)</p>	<p>6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)</p>	<p>6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 52 for specific expectations.)</p>



## Speaking and Listening Standards 6-12

The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Grades 9–10 students:	Grades 11–12 students:
<p><b>Comprehension and Collaboration</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.</li> <li>Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.</li> <li>Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.</li> <li>Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.</li> <li>Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.</li> <li>Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.</li> <li>Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.</li> <li>Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</li> <li>Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 on pages 54 for specific expectations.)</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.</li> <li>Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</li> <li>Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 54 for specific expectations.)</li> </ol>

## College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Language

The grades 6–12 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-specific standards are necessary complements—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity—that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

### Conventions of Standard English

1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

### Knowledge of Language

3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

### Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.
5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
6. Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

### Note on range and content of student language use

*To be college and career ready in language, students must have firm control over the conventions of standard English. At the same time, they must come to appreciate that language is as at least as much a matter of craft as of rules and be able to choose words, syntax, and punctuation to express themselves and achieve particular functions and rhetorical effects. They must also have extensive vocabularies, built through reading and study, enabling them to comprehend complex texts and engage in purposeful writing about and conversations around content. They need to become skilled in determining or clarifying the meaning of words and phrases they encounter, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies to aid them. They must learn to see an individual word as part of a network of other words—words, for example, that have similar denotations but different connotations. The inclusion of Language standards in their own strand should not be taken as an indication that skills related to conventions, effective language use, and vocabulary are unimportant to reading, writing, speaking, and listening; indeed, they are inseparable from such contexts.*

## Language Standards 6-12

The following standards for grades 6-12 offer a focus for instruction each year to help ensure that students gain adequate mastery of a range of skills and applications. *Students advancing through the grades are expected to meet each year's grade-specific standards and retain or further develop skills and understandings mastered in preceding grades.* Beginning in grade 3, skills and understandings that are particularly likely to require continued attention in higher grades as they are applied to increasingly sophisticated writing and speaking are marked with an asterisk (\*). See the table on page 56 for a complete listing and Appendix A for an example of how these skills develop in sophistication.

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Conventions of Standard English</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).</li> <li>b. Use intensive pronouns (e.g., <i>myself</i>, <i>ourselves</i>).</li> <li>c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.*</li> <li>d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents)*.</li> <li>e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.*</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.*</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences.</li> <li>b. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.</li> <li>c. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.*</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., <i>It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie</i> but not <i>He wore an old[,] green shirt</i>).</li> <li>b. Spell correctly.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.</li> <li>b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.</li> <li>c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.</li> <li>d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.*</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.</li> <li>b. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.</li> <li>c. Spell correctly.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
<b>Knowledge of Language</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.*</li> <li>b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.*</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.*</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

## Language Standards 6-12

Grade 6 students:	Grade 7 students:	Grade 8 students:
<b>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</b>		
<p>4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 6 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>audience, auditory, audible</i>).</li> <li>c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>	<p>4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 7 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>belligerent, bellicose, rebel</i>).</li> <li>c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>	<p>4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on <i>grade 8 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</li> <li>b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., <i>precede, recede, secede</i>).</li> <li>c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.</li> <li>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</li> </ul>
<p>5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.</li> <li>b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty</i>).</li> </ul>	<p>5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.</li> <li>b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending</i>).</li> </ul>	<p>5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.</li> <li>b. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.</li> <li>c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., <i>bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute</i>).</li> </ul>
<p>6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>	<p>6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>	<p>6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>

## Language Standards 6-12

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The CCR anchor standards and high school grade-specific standards work in tandem to define college and career readiness expectations—the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity.

Grades 9–10 students:	Grades 11–12 students:
<b>Conventions of Standard English</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Use parallel structure.*</li><li>Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.</li></ol></li><li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.</li><li>Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.</li><li>Spell correctly.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested.</li><li>Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., <i>Merriam-Webster's Dictionary of English Usage</i>, <i>Garner's Modern American Usage</i>) as needed.</li></ol></li><li>Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Observe hyphenation conventions.</li><li>Spell correctly.</li></ol></li></ol>
<b>Knowledge of Language</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., <i>MLA Handbook</i>, <i>Turabian's Manual for Writers</i>) appropriate for the discipline and writing type.</li></ol></li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's <i>Artful Sentences</i>) for guidance as needed; apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading.</li></ol></li></ol>

Language Standards 6-12

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Grades 9–10 students:	Grades 11–12 students:
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	
<p>4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 9–10 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <p>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</p> <p>b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy</i>).</p> <p>c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.</p> <p>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</p>	<p>4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grades 11–12 reading and content</i>, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p> <p>a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</p> <p>b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., <i>conceive, conception, conceivable</i>).</p> <p>c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.</p> <p>d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</p>
<p>5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <p>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.</p> <p>b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</p>	<p>5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p> <p>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.</p> <p>b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</p>
<p>6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>	<p>6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>